

## FT16

### Clinical and Immunological Findings of a Child with Cell Division Cycle 42 mutation

Aysenur PAC KISAARSLAN<sup>1,2</sup>, Ekrem UNAL<sup>2,3</sup>, Ahmet EKEN<sup>2,4</sup>, Türkan PATIROĞLU<sup>3,5</sup>

<sup>1</sup>Erciyes University, Pediatric Rheumatology, Kayseri, Turkey

<sup>2</sup>Betül-Ziya Eren Genome and Stem Cell Center (GENKOK), Kayseri, Turkey.

<sup>3</sup>Erciyes University, Pediatric Hematology and Oncology & HSCT, Kayseri, Turkey

<sup>4</sup>Department of Medical Biology, Erciyes University School of Medicine, Kayseri, Turkey.

<sup>5</sup>Erciyes University, Pediatric Immunology, Kayseri, Turkey

A male patient who is on 4,5 year of age, was admitted the neonatal intensive care unit because of anemia, thrombocytopenia, neutropenia and high acute phase reactans (APR) at the 20 day of age. Patient was diagnosed septicemia. At the 40 day of age, persistant fever, rash and hepatosplenomegaly developed. Patient was diagnosed Hemophagocytic lymphohistiocytosis, and treated intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG) and steroid. An anemia, thrombocytopenia, neutropenia and high APR repeated at sixth month of age. Patient suffered from mucosal and intracranial bleeding. Anemia and thrombocytopenia regressed, but neutropenia persisted in the following months. Pamidronate treatment was started for diagnosis of osteoporosis at the 21 month of age. Patient had hypotonia and mental, motor retardation. Fever with rash attacks started at 2 year of age, patient treated with anakinra for diagnosis of CAPS . There is no detected a mutation NLRP3 gene. An anemia without requirement of transfusion and neutropenia persisted on the following time. By the Whole exon sequencing, heterozygous missense variation

CDC42(LRG\_1326t1:c556C>T;pArg186Cys) was detected. CDC42 is a member of the Rasmollog (Rho) GTPase family, which controls a range of cellular processes including adhesion, migration, polarity, cell cycle and proliferation. It acts as a key to control GTP and GDP conversions(1). NOARCH syndrome was newly described at 4 patients as neonatal onset pancytopenia, autoinflammation, rash and episodic HLH on 2019 (2).

#### References

1. Campbell D, Lawson and Anne J. Ridley Rho GTPase signaling complexes in cell migration and invasion. *The Rockefeller University Press J. Cell Biol.* Vol. 217 No. 2 447–457.
2. Lam MT, Coppola S, Krumbach OHF, Prencipe G, Insalaco A, Cifaldi C, et al. A novel disorder involving dyshematopoiesis, inflammation, and HLH due to aberrant CDC42 function. *J Exp Med.* 2019 Oct 10. doi: 10.1084/jem.20190147.

**Acknowledgements:** We would like to thank Prof. Dr. Christoph KLEIN, Asistant Prof. Dr. Fabian HAUCK and their team for their controbutions for performing whole exome study from the patient.